## § 99.32

- (6)(i) The disclosure is to organizations conducting studies for, or on behalf of, educational agencies or institutions to:
- (A) Develop, validate, or administer predictive tests;
- (B) Administer student aid programs; or
  - (C) Improve instruction.
- (ii) The agency or institution may disclose information under paragraph (a) (6) (i) of this section only if:
- (A) The study is conducted in a manner that does not permit personal identification of parents and students by individuals other than representatives of the organization; and
- (B) The information is destroyed when no longer needed for the purposes for which the study was conducted.
- (iii) If this Office determines that a third party outside the educational agency or institution to whom information is disclosed under this paragraph (a)(6) (ii)(B) of this section, the educational agency or institution may not allow that third party access to personally identifiable information from education records for at least five years.
- (iv) For the purposes of paragraph (a)(6) of this section, the term *organization* includes, but is not limited to, Federal, State, and local agencies, and independent organizations.
- (7) The disclosure is to accrediting organizations to carry out their accrediting functions.
- (8) The disclosure is to parents of a dependent student, as defined in section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.
- (9)(i) The disclosure is to comply with a judicial order or lawfully issued subpoena.
- (ii) The educational agency or institution may disclose information under paragraph (a)(9)(i) of this section only if the agency or institution makes a reasonable effort to notify the parent or eligible student of the order or subpoena in advance of compliance, so that the parent or eligible student may seek protective action, unless the disclosure is in compliance with—
- (A) A Federal grand jury subpoena and the court has ordered that the existence or the contents of the subpoena or the information furnished in re-

- sponse to the subpoena not be disclosed; or
- (B) Any other subpoena issued for a law enforcement purpose and the court or other issuing agency has ordered that the existence or the contents of the subpoena or the information furnished in response to the subpoena not be disclosed.
- (iii) If the educational agency or institution initiates legal action against a parent or student and has complied with paragraph (a)(9)(ii) of this section, it may disclose the student's education records that are relevant to the action to the court without a court order or subpoena.
- (10) The disclosure is in connection with a health or safety emergency, under the conditions described in § 99.36.
- (11) The disclosure is information the educational agency or institution has designated as "directory information", under the conditions described in §99.37.
- (12) The disclosure is to the parent of a student who is not an eligible student or to the student.
- (13) The disclosure is to an alleged victim of any crime of violence, as that term is defined in section 16 of title 18, United States Code, of the results of any disciplinary proceeding conducted by an institution of postsecondary education against the alleged perpetrator of that crime with respect to that crime.
- (b) This section does not forbid an educational agency or institution to disclose, nor does it require an educational agency or institution to disclose, personally identifiable information from the education records of a student to any parties under paragraphs (a)(1) through (11) and (13) of this section.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1232g(a)(5)(A), (b)(1), (b)(2), (b)(4)(B), and (f))

[53 FR 11943, Apr. 11, 1988; 53 FR 19368, May 27, 1988, as amended at 58 FR 3189, Jan. 7, 1993; 61 FR 59296, Nov. 21, 1996]

## § 99.32 What recordkeeping requirements exist concerning requests and disclosures?

(a)(1) An educational agency or institution shall maintain a record of each

request for access to and each disclosure of personally identifiable information from the education records of each student.

- (2) The agency or institution shall maintain the record with the education records of the student as long as the records are maintained.
- (3) For each request or disclosure the record must include:
- (i) The parties who have requested or received personally identifiable information from the education records; and
- (ii) The legitimate interests the parties had in requesting or obtaining the information.
- (b) If an educational agency or institution discloses personally identifiable information from an education record with the understanding authorized under §99.33(b), the record of the disclosure required under this section must include:
- (1) The names of the additional parties to which the receiving party may disclose the information on behalf of the educational agency or institution; and
- (2) The legitimate interests under \$99.31 which each of the additional parties has in requesting or obtaining the information.
- (c) The following parties may inspect the record relating to each student:
  - (1) The parent or eligible student.
- (2) The school official or his or her assistants who are responsible for the custody of the records.
- (3) Those parties authorized in §99.31(a) (1) and (3) for the purposes of auditing the recordkeeping procedures of the educational agency or institution.
- (d) Paragraph (a) of this section does not apply if the request was from, or the disclosure was to:
  - (1) The parent or eligible student;
  - (2) A school official under §99.31(a)(1);
- (3) A party with written consent from the parent or eligible student;
- (4) A party seeking directory information; or
- (5) A party seeking or receiving the records as directed by a Federal grand jury or other law enforcement subpoena and the issuing court or other issuing agency has ordered that the existence or the contents of the subpoena or the information furnished in re-

sponse to the subpoena not be disclosed.

§ 99.33

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1880-0508)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1232g(b)(1) and (b)(4)(A)) [53 FR 11943, Apr. 11, 1988, as amended at 61 FR 59297, Nov. 21, 1996]

## §99.33 What limitations apply to the redisclosure of information?

- (a)(1) An educational agency or institution may disclose personally identifiable information from an education record only on the condition that the party to whom the information is disclosed will not disclose the information to any other party without the prior consent of the parent or eligible student.
- (2) The officers, employees, and agents of a party that receives information under paragraph (a)(1) of this section may use the information, but only for the purposes for which the disclosure was made.
- (b) Paragraph (a) of this section does not prevent an educational agency or institution from disclosing personally identifiable information with the understanding that the party receiving the information may make further disclosures of the information on behalf of the educational agency or institution if:
- (1) The disclosures meet the requirements of §99.31; and
- (2) The educational agency or institution has complied with the requirements of §99.32(b).
- (c) Paragraph (a) of this section does not apply to disclosures made pursuant to court orders or lawfully issued subpoenas under §99.31(a)(9), to disclosures of directory information under §99.31(a)(11), or to disclosures to a parent or student under §99.31(a)(12).
- (d) Except for disclosures under §99.31(a) (9), (11), and (12), an educational agency or institution shall inform a party to whom disclosure is made of the requirements of this section
- (e) If this Office determines that a third party improperly rediscloses personally identifiable information from education records in violation of \$99.33(a) of this section, the educational agency or institution may not

## 299